

MATEMATIKA III.

P3

2005-10-20

KONVEXNÍ MNOŽINY

$M \forall a, b \in M$ obsahuje úsečku ab



ale ne:



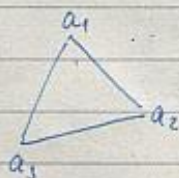
a, b ab: $a + \langle t-a \rangle$ $c = a + \lambda(b-a)$ úsečka $\lambda \in \langle 0, 1 \rangle$

Formální popis: $c = a + \lambda b - \lambda a = (1-\lambda)a + \lambda b$

$$c = \mu a + \lambda b$$

$$\lambda > 0 \quad \mu > 0$$

$$1 + \mu = 1$$



$$\lambda_1 a_1 + \dots + \lambda_k a_k$$

$$x_i \geq 0; \dots; x_k \geq 0 \quad \sum x_i = 1$$

Df. $a_1, \dots, a_k \in E_n$

Každý bod $x \in E_n$

$$\exists x = \sum_{i=1}^k \lambda_i a_i; \quad x_i \geq 0; \sum \lambda_i = 1$$

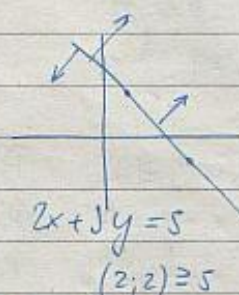
konvexní linařina
konvexní bodů a_1, \dots, a_k

f nad: $a_1 x_1 + \dots + a_n x_n = t$

• uzavřená: $\sum a_i x_i \geq t \quad \sum a_i x_i \leq t$

• otevřená: $\sum a_i x_i > t \quad \sum a_i x_i < t$

$$(0; 0) = 0 \leq 5$$



Df. Konvexní polyedr $\equiv \neq \emptyset$, konvexní, uzavřená a ohraničená podmnožina $\subset E_n$ mající pouze konvexní polítky extrémních bodů

V. $M \subset E_n \quad a \in M$ hraniční
 \forall okolí a \exists body $\in M$ i mimo M

• uzavřená - obsahuje hraniční body

• otevřená - \forall bod má okolí $\cap M$

• ohraničená - $\exists \epsilon > 0 \quad \forall t > 0$ je

-1-

$$|t-a| < \epsilon |t-a|$$

c extrémním bod M c příslušnou zátěží u každého M



přímky $ax + by = c \rightarrow$ lze popsat celý konvexní polyedr

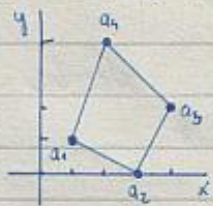
• Konvexní obal soustavy nerovností

4.19. $a_1 = [1; 1]$

$a_2 = [3; 0]$

$a_3 = [4; 2]$

$a_4 = [2; 4]$



	w	w
$a_1 a_2$	$(3-1; 0-1)$	$(2; -1)$
$a_2 a_3$	$(4-3; 2-0)$	$(1; 2)$
$a_3 a_4$	$(2-4; 4-2)$	$(-2; 2)$
$a_4 a_1$	$(2-1; 4-1)$	$(1; 3)$

Přímky \rightarrow 2. w: $x + 2y = 3$

3. $2x - y = 6$

4. $x + y = 6$

5. $3x - y = 2$



$x + 2y \geq 3$

$2x - y \leq 6$

$x + y \leq 6$

$3x - y \geq 2$

• $a_1 = [-2; 2]$

$a_2 = [-1; 2]$

$a_3 = [-1; -2]$

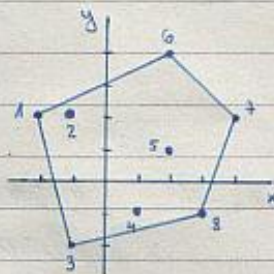
$a_4 = [1; -1]$

$a_5 = [2; 1]$

$a_6 = [2; 4]$

$a_7 = [4; 2]$

$a_8 = [3; -1]$



16	$(4; 2)$	$(1; -2)$	$x - 2y = -6 \geq$
67	$(2; -2)$	$(1; 1)$	$x + y = 6 \leq$
78	$(1; 3)$	$(3; -1)$	$3x - y = 10 \leq$
83	$(4; 1)$	$(1; -4)$	$x - 4y = 7 \leq$
31	$(1; -4)$	$(4; 1)$	$4x + y = -6 \geq$

• $2x - y \geq 2$ $P_{12} = [3; 4]$ $P_{23} = [8; -1]$

4.21 $x + y \geq 7$ $P_{13} = [2; 2]$ $P_{15} = [-1; 8]$

$x + 4y \geq 10$ $P_{14} = [-2; -6]$ $P_{36} = [10; 0]$

$x - 2y \leq 10$ $P_{17} = [4; 6]$ $P_{35} = [34; 6]$

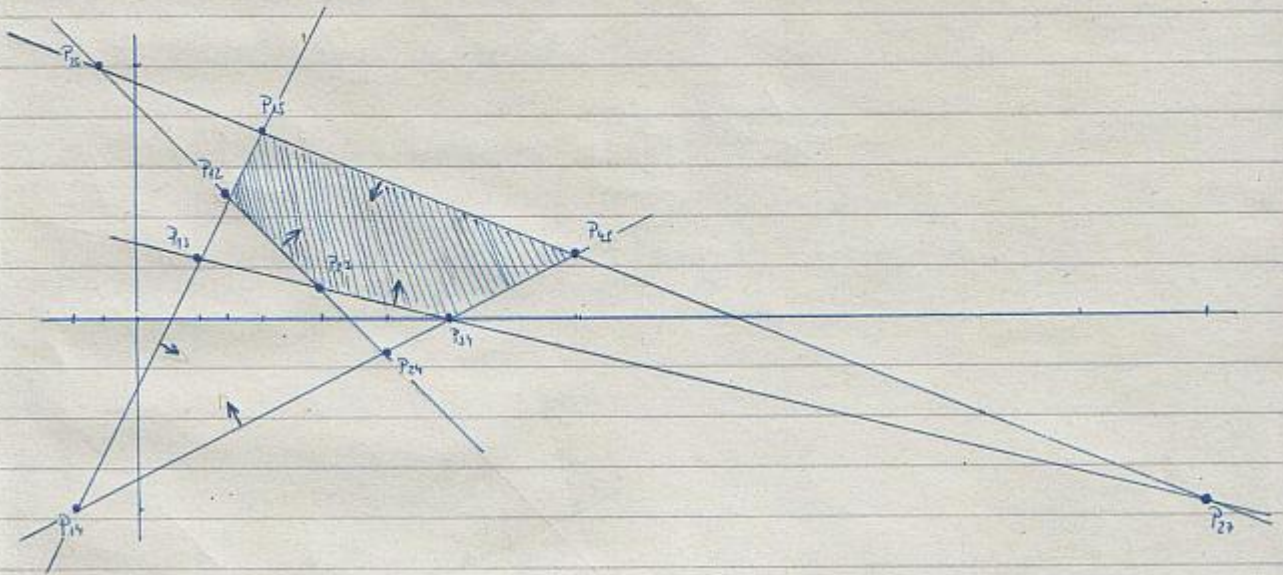
$2x + 5y \leq 38$ $P_{21} = [6; 1]$ $P_{45} = [14; 6]$

① $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 & 10 \\ 1 & -2 & 10 \\ 2 & 5 & 38 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & -12 \\ 0 & -9 & -18 \\ 0 & 3 & -18 \\ 0 & 6 & 36 \end{pmatrix}$
2.1. rovnice: $x = \frac{y+2}{2}$

② $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 24 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow 3y = 3 \rightarrow y = 1$
2. rovnice: $x = 7 - y$

③ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & 10 \\ 0 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & -18 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow -3y = -18 \rightarrow y = 6$
2. rovnice: $x = 10 - 4y$

② $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & | & 10 \\ 0 & 9 & | & 18 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 9y = 18 \\ y = 2 \end{matrix}$
z 4. rovnice: $x = 10 + 2y$



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KONVEKSNÍ MNOŽINY

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 \bullet & x+y \leq 3 & P_{12} = [2; 1] \quad P_{27} = [6; 9] \\
 & 2x-y \leq 3 & P_{13} = [10; 7] \quad P_{25} = [\frac{5}{2}; 2] \\
 & 2x+3y \geq -1 & P_{14} = [0; 3] \quad P_{26} = [-2; 1] \\
 & x-y \geq -3 & P_{15} = [1; 2] \quad P_{37} = [-\frac{3}{2}; 2] \\
 & y \leq 2 & P_{23} = [1; -1] \quad P_{45} = [-1; 2]
 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -7 \\ 0 & -2 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = 3 - y$$

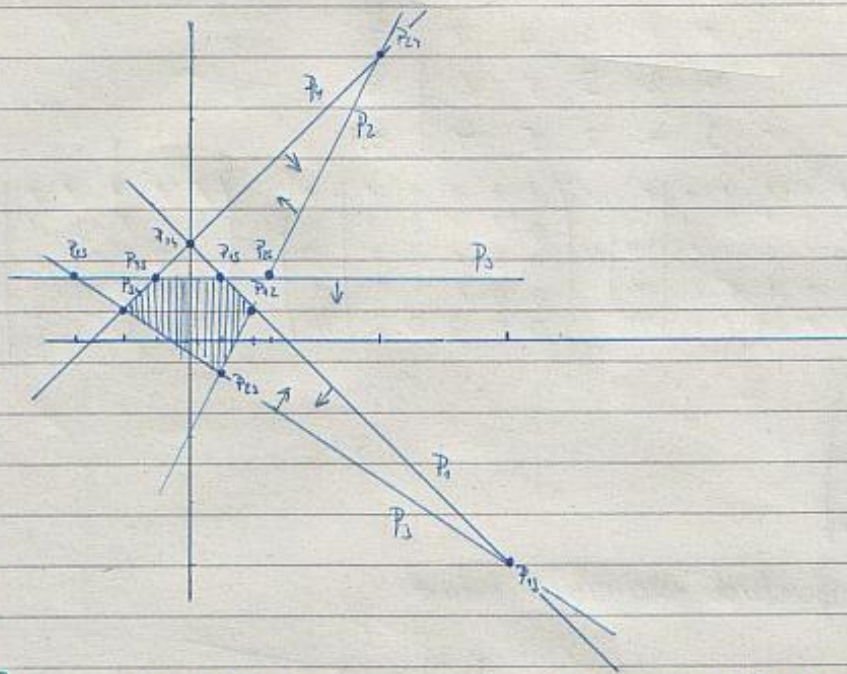
$$\textcircled{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y = \frac{3+y}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y = \frac{-1-3y}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & & \end{pmatrix}$$



Df. $a_0, a_1, \dots, a_n \in E_n$ jsou lineární uspořádané (LN)
 jestliže vektorů $a_1 - a_0, \dots, a_n - a_0$ jsou lineární uspořádané (LN)

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \bullet & a_0 = [2; 1; 4; 3] \quad a_1 = [4; 0; 5; 5] \\
 & a_1 = [3; 2; 3; 4] \quad a_2 = [1; 2; 6; 4] \\
 & a_2 = [3; 3; 5; 2]
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 a_1 - a_0 \\
 a_2 - a_0 \\
 a_3 - a_0 \\
 a_4 - a_0
 \end{array}
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
 \sim
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}
 \sim
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 1
 \end{array}$$

n -rozměrný simplex + E_n

a_0, \dots, a_n lin. nezávislé

$$\mathcal{P}^n(a_0, \dots, a_n) = \left\{ x = \sum_{i=0}^n \lambda_i a_i \mid \sum_{i=0}^n \lambda_i = 1, \lambda_i \geq 0 \right\}$$

$(\lambda_0; \lambda_1; \dots; \lambda_n)$ - barycentrické souřadnice bodu x

● Barycentrické souřadnice $\lambda_0 a_0 + \lambda_1 a_1 + \lambda_2 a_2 + \lambda_3 a_3 + \lambda_4 a_4 = 0$

$$t = \left[\frac{15}{7}; \frac{11}{7}; \frac{32}{7}; \frac{25}{7} \right]$$

vektorový viz příchozí příklad

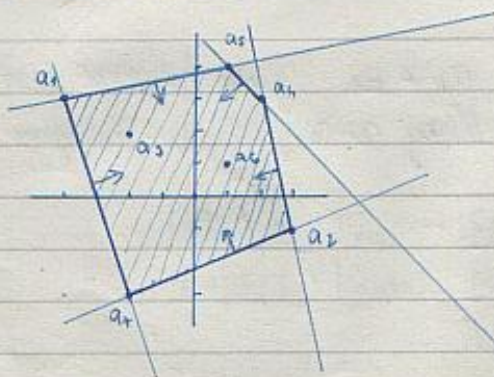
$$\begin{array}{ccccc|c}
 \lambda_0 & \lambda_1 & \lambda_2 & \lambda_3 & \lambda_4 & \\
 2 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 1 & \frac{16}{7} \\
 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 & \frac{11}{7} \\
 4 & 3 & 5 & 5 & 6 & \frac{23}{7} \\
 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 4 & \frac{25}{7}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 1 & \frac{16}{7} \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 2 & \frac{11}{7} \\ 4 & 3 & 5 & 5 & 6 & \frac{23}{7} \\ 3 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 4 & \frac{25}{7} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
 \sim
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & \frac{4}{7} \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & \frac{5}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 & \frac{3}{7} \end{pmatrix}
 \sim
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 2 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 2 & \frac{2}{7} \end{pmatrix}
 \sim
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 2 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 9 & -3 & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -6 & 6 & \frac{6}{7} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim
 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 2 & \frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & \frac{1}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & \frac{12}{7} \end{pmatrix}$$

$\left(\frac{2}{7}; \frac{1}{7}; \frac{1}{7}; \frac{1}{7}; \frac{2}{7} \right)$ barycentrické souřadnice bodu t

● $a_1 = [-4; 3]$ $a_5 = [1; 4]$
 $a_2 = [3; -1]$ $a_6 = [1; 1]$
 $a_3 = [-2; 2]$ $a_7 = [-2; -3]$
 $a_4 = [2; 3]$



$$15 \quad (-5; -1) \quad (1; -5) \quad x - 5y = -19 \geq$$

$$54 \quad (1; -1) \quad (1; 1) \quad x + y = 5 \leq$$

$$42 \quad (1; -4) \quad (4; 1) \quad 4x + y = 11 \leq$$

$$23 \quad (5; 2) \quad (2; -5) \quad 2x - 5y = 11 \leq$$

$$71 \quad (-2; 6) \quad (3; 1) \quad 3x + y = -9 \geq$$